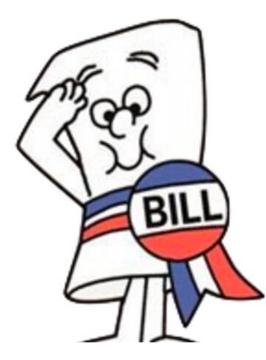
# **Coffee Chat: DC's Legislative Process**





### How does a bill go from idea to law in DC?

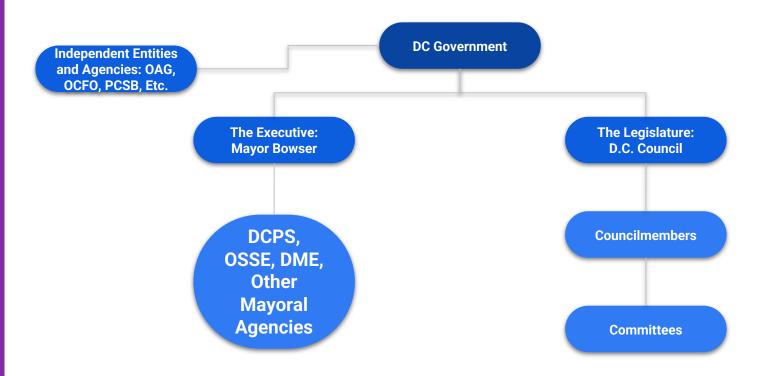








## **Refresher: The Who of DC Government**



## The Council: Structure and

### **Committees**

- The Council is comprised of 13 members:
  - The Chair, 4 at-large members, and 8 ward members.
- Legislative and oversight responsibilities divided between their committees.
- Number of committees can change, freshman legislators do not receive committees their first 2 years—or first council period

### Who decides the committees?

The Council Chair will propose the committees, their chairs, and the agencies and topics under their purview.

The Council then votes to approve that plan.

## **The Council: Committees for Council Period 25**



- Committee of the Whole
- Business & Economic Development
- Executive Admin & Labor
- Facilities & Family Services
- Transportation & Environment
- Health

- Hospital and Health Equity
- Housing and Human Services
- Judiciary & Public Safety
- Public Works & Operations
- Recreation, Libraries & Youth Affairs

## **The Legislative Process: Bill Introductions**

### Bills can be introduced in two basic ways:

- 1. By members of the D.C. Council after they've been developed and drafted:
  - a. Through their own research
  - b. At the request of members of the public, advocates, organizations or businesses.
- 1. At the request of the Mayor, AG, or other government entity
  - a. The technical introduction is still made by a member of the Council
  - b. Most often it's the Chairman.
    - i. You may have heard a bill being referenced something like *"Introduced on January 12, 2023 by the Chairman at the request of the Mayor.."*

# **Legislative Process**



Introduction and Referral	Committee Holds Hearing	Committee Markup	COW, 1st and 2nd Reading	Mayor's Signature or Veto
The Bill is introduced	Every bill must have a	Bills must be voted	Once out of	The bill is transmitted
	hearing to be voted on.	"out of committee"	committee, the bill	to the Mayor.
Chairman determines			moves to a Committee	
referral	Some bills have multiple hearings	The committee chair will "move" the	of the Whole review.	If she signs it, it is sent onto Congress for the
Can be to more than		committee print.	After COW, the bill is	Congressional Review
one committee	After the hearing,		voted on at least twice	Period.
	committee staff will	A majority of	at 1st and 2nd reading.	
"Comments"	revise the bill and	committee members		If she vetoes, Council
	include this	present at the vote	Rarely a bill can	can override with 9
	"Committee Print" in the Committee Report.	must approve the measure.	receive a 3rd reading.	votes.

# Legislative Issues Shaping Council Period 25

Chairman Mendelson's Schools First in Budgeting Act of 2022:

- Approved at the end of Council Period 24
- Creates a 9-step process for determining the annual budget for each DCPS school.
- The Chairman's goal was to ensure that school-level budgets are "held harmless" from year-to-year changes in enrollment
- The bill was strongly opposed by the Mayor and the Chancellor who argued it would tie their hands and prevent them from effectively managing the DCPS budget.

# What's new in Council Period 25?

- Mayor's proposed universal before and after school programing
- School boundary study and revision
- Adequacy study
- End of federal stimulus funding
- School resource officers

# **Budget Process Refresher**



Mayor Proposes Budget	Council Holds Hearings	Committee Markups	COW Budget and 1st Reading	2nd Reading and Mayoral Review
March 22	March 27 - April 12	April 25 - April 27	May 16	May 30
Mayor Transmits Budget to Council	Committee Public Hearings on the "Fiscal Year 2024 Local Budget Act of 2023.".	Committee Markups and Reporting on Agency Budgets	Chairman Mendelson proposes COW budget and COW review.	2nd Reading of the Local Budget Act & Federal Portion
			1st Reading of Local Budget Act & Budget	TBD:
			Support Act	2nd Reading of the Budget Support Act

# **Questions?**

